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HUMAN RIGHTS QUESTIONS: HUMAN RIGHTS QUESTIONS, INCLUDING ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES FOR IMPROVING THE EFFECTIVE ENJOYMENT OF HUMAN RIGHTS AND FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS

Letter dated 1 August 1995 from the Permanent Representative of Peru to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit to you herewith a summary of actions violating human rights perpetrated by the Sendero Luminoso and Movimiento Revolucionario Túpac Amaru terrorist groups during the period from 1 May to 30 June 1995 (see annexes I and II).

I should be grateful if you would have this note circulated as a document of the General Assembly under item 114 (b).

(Signed) Fernando GUILLEN SALAS
Permanent Representative of Peru
to the United Nations

* A/50/150.

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ANNEX I

Summary of actions violating human rights perpetrated by subversive organizations from 1 to 31 May 1995

1. Selective terrorism

16 May 1995

Department: La Libertad; Province: Sánchez Carrión; District: Chugay

In the early hours of the morning, alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals murdered Mr. César Escobedo Araujo, deputy mayor of the village of Cochabamba, Chugay. Members of the anti-terrorist police and of Motorized Infantry Battalion 333 of the Peruvian army at Huamachuco went to the scene of the crime and arrested one of the alleged perpetrators, Yupanqui Contreras Lucio, a teacher at education centre 80147 in Sarín, who had been identified by eyewitnesses.

2. Systematic terrorism

8 May 1995

Department: Pasco; Province: Pasco; District: Cerro de Pasco

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals opened fire on Mr. Miguel Bravo Quispe, mayor of Yanacancha district, as he was leaving the village of Tingo Palca (an hour's distance from Cerro de Pasco) in a van with his wife and driver. The driver was wounded, while the mayor and his wife escaped unharmed.

15 May 1995

Department: Ayacucho; Province: Huanta; District: Huanta

Victor Reyes Chullo (age 21), the driver of vehicle No. YG-2413, reported to the anti-terrorist battalion of the Peruvian National Police at Mayoc that six alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals had murdered two unidentified persons who had been travelling in his vehicle past the trademarks office. The victims had been forced to get out of the vehicle and when they resisted, they had been killed and the merchandise they were carrying had been burned. The criminals had then hoisted a red flag emblazoned with the hammer and sickle.

19 May 1995

Department: Huancavélica; Province: Huancavélica; District: Laria

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals killed two people in a house at Sapanugo, on the outskirts of the township of San José de Belén (Laria district).

Department: La Libertad; Province: Santiago de Chuco; District: Cachicadán

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals murdered Francisco Ticlia Toledo (age 28) and his wife Clemencia Flores Quispe (age 26) in the village of San José de Porcón (Cachicadán district); on withdrawing, they shouted "death to informers".

21 May 1995

Department: Cajamarca; Province: Celendín; District: Celendín

A man's body was found at a place known as Hueco de la Paccha in the village of Bella Aurora, Celendín. According to local residents, the body was that of (C) "Tony", head of the Frente Guerrillero Norte 01 of the Movimiento Revolucionario Túpac Amaru. A rucksack containing two electoral registration cards was found on the body. The subversive had three aliases:

- Tafur Ocampo, Freddy Antonio;
- Sagastegui Ocampo Freddy; and
- Sagaceta Campos Abad.

24 May 1995

Department: Lima; Province: Lima; District: Miraflores

Alleged terrorist criminals detonated a car bomb (a 1987 beige Lada sedan, registration number CG-1331, stolen on 23 May 1995 in Condevilla) at the Maria Angela hotel and casino located on the Avenida de la Paz in Miraflores, causing material damage, killing three people and injuring 11 others. Approximately 50 kilograms of dynamite were used in the explosion.

24 May 1995

Department: Huancavélica; Province: Huancavélica; District: Huancavélica

Nine alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals, carrying firearms, murdered Rodrigo Ancasi Cunya in Cachinayo, Lachoj community, leaving a pamphlet with the text: "Enemy of the people, killed for being involved in spying; a similar fate awaits all informers".

29 May 1995

Department: Junín; Province: Chanchamayo; District: Pachanaki

Four alleged Movimiento Revolucionario Túpac Amaru terrorist criminals (three men and a woman), armed with AKM rifles killed Fortunato Dibe Canto (age 66), a Peruvian army collaborator in the township of San José de Shori. They then drove off towards Huayapampa in two vehicles (a Mitsubishi van and a red van).

3. Attacks on security forces

7 May 1995

Department: Huanuco; Province: Leoncio Prado; District: Crespo y Castillo

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals mined the highway at the Pacae-Aucayacu bridge, where they attacked members of the anti-terrorist police and the Peruvian army (Counter-insurgency Battalion 311) who were travelling in two Volvo lorries (civilian vehicles); four soldiers were killed while 11 others and two civilians were wounded. Members of a joint Peruvian Army-Peruvian National Police patrol sent to the rescue of the injured later clashed with the insurgents, but the outcome is unknown.

18 May 1995

Department: Piura; Province: Huancabamba; District: Huarmaca

An indeterminate number of alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals armed with AKM rifles shot at the Palo Blanco Counter-insurgency Battalion of the Peruvian army. They were repelled by members of the battalion. As they retreated, the alleged terrorist criminals threw two explosive devices into the base. The resulting explosion injured two soldiers and caused material damage. Members of the anti-terrorist police and the Peruvian army, who set out in pursuit of the subversives, found home-made explosive devices on the way.

4. Sabotage

Nothing to report.

5. Incursions

8 May 1995

Department: Huancavélica; Province: Huancavélica; District: Palca

Eight alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals (six men and two women, one of the latter being identified as La (O) "Norma") entered the district of Palca, where they herded residents into the Plaza de Armas and exhorted them to remain united and to work together. They protested against the policies of the present Government saying that it helps only certain constituencies.

9 May 1995

Department: San Martín; Province: Lamas; District: Caynarachi

Armed alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals, dressed in black and wearing ski masks, entered the property of Julio Guerra Amasifufu (age 21) at Pongo de Caynarachi. They tried to bully him and his wife into abandoning the

property and warned him against notifying the local Peruvian National Police station; the alleged terrorist criminals requested three farm birds for food.

9 May 1995

Department: Ayacucho; Province: Huamanga; District: Ayacucho

About five alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals carrying long-range firearms carried out a raid on the community of Alamparún (San José de Ticlias), seizing the chairman of the Taco Self-Defence Committee who later escaped by jumping into a ravine. The terrorist criminals then returned to the community and raided the village of Ramal de Cachiyacu, where they murdered Emiliano Rodríguez Basilio, chairman of the Rice Growers' Committee of Tocache Province, and his wife Martha Cervantes Campos.

6. Kidnapping

21 May 1995

Department: Junín; Province: Chanchamayo; District: Perene

Fifteen alleged Movimiento Revolucionario Túpac Amaru terrorist criminals, carrying 13 AKM and two Galil rifles, kidnapped Corporal César Sánchez Esquivel (Counter-insurgency Battalion 79) while he was on leave and travelling from La Florida to Yurinaki. They interrogated him for four hours in an attempt to obtain information on the troop strength of the Peruvian Army's Counter-insurgency Battalion at La Florida, on whether there were patrols in the area, on the number of checkpoints and on where military troops slept. He was then released.

7. Summary

1.	Selective terrorism	1
2.	Systematic terrorism	9
3.	Attacks on security forces	3
4.	Sabotage	-
5.	Incursions	5
6.	Kidnapping	1
	TOTAL	19

ANNEX II

Summary of actions violating human rights perpetrated by subversive organizations from 1 to 30 June 1995

1. Selective terrorism

11 June 1995

Department: Ayacucho; Province: Lucanas; District: San Pedro

On 4 May 1995, 10 alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals (eight men and two women), carrying short- and long-range firearms, murdered Mr. Ismael Ramos Quispe, lieutenant-governor of San Pedro district.

11 June 1995

Department: Ayacucho; Province: Lucanas; District: San Pedro

On 14 May 1995, in the township of Santa Isabel de Trigal (district of San Pedro), alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals murdered Mr. Roberto Bendezu Cori, a municipal policeman, using a firearm.

2. Systematic terrorism

2 June 1995

Department: Piura; Province: Piura; District: Castilla

Eight alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals entered the home of the mayor of Castilla, in Piura province, and proceeded to search his bedroom, while one of them pointed a machine-gun at his wife and son. The mayor's security guards then arrived, and in the ensuing gunfight non-commissioned officer (3rd class) Luis Zuñiga Bocanegra of the Peruvian National Police (PNP), and the mayor's driver, Luis Torres Belloda, were wounded. The alleged terrorist criminals managed to escape.

5 June 1995

Department: Ayacucho; Province: La Mar; District: Tambo

At the place known as Tincuy, Tapuna, 30 kilometres from Tambo, about 15 alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals carrying long-range firearms intercepted a number of vehicles travelling towards the Ayacucho forest and asked passengers for money and provisions. The alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals also set fire to a grey Toyota vehicle, registration number 00-9613, belonging to the municipality of Sivia, Huanta, which had been travelling in the direction of Huamanga.

5 June 1995

Department: San Martín; Province: Tocache; District: Tocache

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals shot and killed Robert Ramírez Murillo (age 20) and Josefa Espinoza Estrada (age 18) near the village of Nueva Libertad, Tocache. The assailants left a placard with the text: "Death to traitors, long live Chairman Gonzalo, down with the amnesty law, down with reactionaries, down with the genocidal armed forces, the people's war will inevitably be victorious, Peruvian Communist Party (PCP) - Sendero Luminoso, Huallaga Base".

8 June 1995

Department: Junín; Province: Chanchamayo; District: Perene

Five alleged Movimiento Revolucionario Túpac Amaru terrorist criminals entered the home of the juvenile Irma Flores Carhuamaca, located in the township of Pampa Tigre, Villa Perene, and attempted to kidnap her in order to recruit her into the ranks of the Movimiento Revolucionario Túpac Amaru. She fled, taking with her some "Cilamone" insecticide, which she swallowed. She was later admitted to the La Merced hospital in Chanchamayo, where she died.

9 June 1995

Department: San Martín; Province: Tocache; District: Tocache

In the village of Tipisca, about 25 alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals, heavily armed, killed Felix Valerio Monago (age 20), leaving behind handwritten messages saying "Death to informers, this will be the fate of all attackers and informers, long live Chairman Gonzalo". The alleged terrorist criminals fled towards the place known as Tres de Mayo, Paraíso, where the Peruvian Communist Party - Sendero Luminoso is said to have a training base.

16 June 1995

Department: Huanuco; Province: Huanuco; District: Huanuco

A group of alleged terrorist criminals threw an explosive device at a group of young people from the settlement of San Luis, Paucarbamba, wounding five people who were admitted to hospital at Huanuco.

17 June 1995

Department: Lima; Province: Callao; District: Callao

Four alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals, carrying firearms and travelling in an orange-coloured Volkswagen car (registration number DG-5594), burst violently into block G-7, L-10, sector 5 (settlement of Bocanegra, Callao). After firing a number of shots, they killed an unidentified person and injured four others who were drinking liquor in the place known as "La Choza".

18 June 1995

Department: Puno; Province: Yunguyo; District: Yunguyo

Six alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals, carrying firearms and with their faces covered, entered the home of Mr. Vidal Loza Arroyo, a foreign currency broker, located on Avenida Túpac Amaru, Yunguyo. They shot and wounded his wife, Mrs. Rosario La Rosa de Loza, who later died.

21 June 1995

Department: Ayacucho; Province: Sucre; District: Querobamba

About three alleged terrorist criminals entered the township of Cumunpampa, Querobamba, in Sucre province, murdering Cornelio Rimachi Pillaca and his wife Filomena Arone Pillihuaman. They left behind a placard with the text: "Death to informers" and, on withdrawing, kidnapped Aurelio Rimachi Arones.

27 June 1995

Department: Tacna; Province: Tacna

Alleged terrorist criminals detonated a home-made explosive device, a "cohetón", at the Enrique López Albujar education centre. No material damage or personal injuries were reported.

3. Attacks on security forces

17 June 1995

Department: Puno; Province: Azangaro; District: Azangaro

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals shot and killed two members of the Peruvian National Police (PNP) from the PNP station at Cachachi, Juliaca. The incident occurred in the community of Ayabaca, Vilcapata, in Azangaro province. The subversives took their victims' service weapons, including an AKM rifle; the motorcycle that the policemen had been riding was found nearby.

4. Sabotage

2 June 1995

Department: Junín; Province: Chanchamayo; District: Pichanaki

Four alleged Movimiento Revolucionario Túpac Amaru terrorist criminals carried out an attack on the water intake of the Mazonari hydro-electric power station at Pichanaki, in Chanchamayo province, diverting the waters of the Cuyani river and depriving Pichanaki of electric power. Members of the Peruvian army, having channelled the water back into the river bed, started up the power station again and the power supply was restored on 3 June 1995.

10 June 1995

Department: Puno; Province: San Román; District: Juliaca

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals set off an explosive device on Seda premises in the Juliaca district, causing serious material damage but no injuries.

11 June 1995

Department: Huanuco; Province: Ambo; District: Ambo

Five alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals, carrying firearms, robbed a petrol station in the locality of Ambo. They seized 1,551.00 new soles and a drum containing five gallons of petrol, and left behind leaflets with the following text: "PCP-SL (Peruvian Communist Party - Sendero Luminoso) - Ejército Guerrillero Popular - Movimiento Popular de Liberación". The alleged terrorist criminals fled in the direction of Vichaycoto, leaving their vehicle at the intersection of the Huanuco-Tomayquichua road.

13 June 1995

Department: Lima; Province: Lima; District: Miraflores

Alleged terrorist criminals threw a grenade at the building located at 4162-402 Avenida Paseo de la República, Miraflores, causing material damage to the building's garage door and to three vehicles. No injuries were reported.

19 June 1995

Department: Lambayeque; Province: Lambayeque; District: Lambayeque

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals burnt approximately 100 hectares of sugar cane belonging to the El Tumbo y la Calera farm, owned by Sixto Corrales Bravo, in Lambayeque. Members of the Peruvian National Police (PNP) found a document there, written by hand with a red felt-tip pen, containing death threats against the owner of the farm, as well as hammer and sickle emblems.

5. Incursions

5 June 1995

Department: Cuzco; Province: Paruro; District: Huanoquite

Two alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals, carrying short- and long-range firearms and with their faces concealed by ski masks, entered the home of Antolín Conochuillca Huillca, located in the community of Chanca. They declared that they were members of the Peruvian Communist Party - Sendero Luminoso (PCP-SL) and asked for weapons and money; when they were unsuccessful, they fled in the direction of Cuzco.

7 June 1995

Department: Puno; Province: Melgar; District: Orurillo

Between 7 and 10 June, approximately, nine alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals entered the communities of Colquemarca, Patabamba and Acllamayo, in Orurillo district, intending to murder members of the local authorities; not finding them, they attempted to convert local people to their cause.

10 June 1995

Department: Lima; Province: Lima; District: Chaclacayo

Seven alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals, carrying firearms, entered the health centre in the Miguel Grau shanty town, Ñaña, and subdued the guards in order to steal surgical equipment from the dental and obstetrics departments, as well as medicines from the pharmacy which had been restocked the previous day, and a sum of money in cash. The subversives also took two Taurus and Rossi revolvers from the guards, as well as thirty-three .38 calibre cartridges.

15 June 1995

Department: Apurimac; Province: Antabamba

About 20 alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals, carrying light automatic rifles and wearing military uniforms, entered the locality of Matara and took away provisions, clothing and cash. Having made inquiries about the troop strength and armaments of the Antabamba Counter-insurgency Battalion, they withdrew, firing shots into the air.

18 June 1995

Department: Cajamarca; Province: Jaén; District: Santa Rosa

Eight alleged terrorist criminals entered the settlement of Santa Rosa and then travelled to the localities of La Huaca, El Huaco and Huabal, in Jaén province. The subversives threatened residents, warning them not to inform the authorities of their presence.

24 June 1995

Department: Huanuco; Province: Leoncio Prado; District: José Crespo y Castillo

Five alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals entered the village of Anda, in the José Crespo y Castillo district, and took away five "motokars" (motorcycles towing small trailers). As they were withdrawing, they picked up a number of alleged terrorist criminals at the Angashyaco bridge.

6. Kidnapping

11 June 1995

Department: Ayacucho; Province: Lucanas; District: San Pedro

On 17 May 1995, in the township of San Isidro de Totora (San Pedro district), 10 alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals kidnapped Abilio Cabrera Herrera, a teacher working at the education centre; his whereabouts are still unknown. This incident came to the attention of the authorities because of the presence of the joint Peruvian Army-Peruvian National Police patrol in the San Pedro district on 11 June 1995.

16 June 1995

Department: Lima; Province: Lima; District: Pueblo Libre

Alleged terrorist criminals kidnapped PNP Major Francisco Merino Coral, who was with another person in the Puerto Coral restaurant, located at 1004 Avenida La Marina. They fled in a black four-wheel-drive vehicle and a red Cherokee jeep; the victim's present whereabouts are unknown.